Selected Services Statistics

159 21	
21	157
21	24
23	18
10,074	10,750
1,004	851
0.01	0.01
5.00	5.00
328,516	358,773
23 605.0	21 914.4
24,892.4	24,425.6
68,787	104,599
477.7	476.8
179.4	258.2
7	8
2014	2015
4 321	4211
17 372	16 775
12 766	14 776
239.1	229.0
8 218	8 351
41	35
2 269	2 336
93.3	94.6
2 946 653	
2 340 033	3 510 437
30 032	3 510 437 39 858
30 032	39 858
30 032 2014	39 858 2015
30 032 2014 47 248	39 858 2015 45 842
30 032 2014 47 248 13 591	39 858 2015 45 842 13 465
2014 47 248 13 591 221,048	39 858 2015 45 842 13 465 193,041
2014 47 248 13 591 221,048 7,960	39 858 2015 45 842 13 465 193,041 7,234
2014 47 248 13 591 221,048 7,960 79,744	39 858 2015 45 842 13 465 193,041 7,234 78,482
	328,516 23 605.0 24,892.4 68,787 477.7 179.4 7 2014 4 321 17 372 12 766 239.1 8 218 41 2 269

Data Sour

Census and Statistics Department of the HKSAR Government

Notes

- a. Refers to GDP at current market prices.
- Figures are subject to revision later on.
- c. Total public expenditure is on fiscal year basis: GDP is on calendar year basis.
- Refers to GDP at basic prices.
- e. Primary industries comprise agriculture, fishing, mining and quarrying.
 - f. Utilities comprise electricity, gas and water supply, and sewerage, waste management and remediation activities.
- g. Employment figures refer to the Composite Employment Estimates, which are compiled mainly based on results of the General Household Survey and the Quarterly Survey of Employment and Vacancies.
- h. The Composite CPI covers about 90% of households in Hong Kong and its year-on-year rate of change is often taken as a measure of the consumer price inflation. Figures are derived based on the 2014/15-based CPI series. The year-on-year rates of change before October 2015 were derived using the index series in the base period at that time, compared with the index a year earlier in the same base period.
- Figures in square brackets denote the rates of change in the Composite CPI after removing the effects of the Government's one-off relief measures including the Government's payment of public housing rentals, rates concession, suspension of Employees Retraining Levy, and subsidies for residential electricity charges.
- Source: World Trade Organization press release in April. Figures on trade in commercial services refer to trade in services statistics but exclude those on government services. Regarding the figures of Hong Kong used in international comparison, see also note j below.
- j. Trade in goods and services statistics shown in this section are measured in national accounting terms and are in some cases slightly different from the merchandise trade statistics published monthly by the Census and Statistics Department. They are compiled based on the recommendations made in the System of National Accounts 2008, except the recommendation on adopting the change of ownership principle in recording goods sent abroad for processing and procedured.
- k. Owing to data availability, for certain service industries listed in the table, the industrial coverage of the number of establishments and persons engaged may differ somewhat from that for the corresponding business receipts index.
- Figures on the number of establishments and persons engaged exclude self-employed insurance agents with no business registration in insurance industry; individual operators such as taxis, public light buses and part of goods vehicles in land transport industry; retail pitches and hawkers in retail trade; and inland freight water transport in water transport
- m. The business receipts index does not cover television programme activities.
- Figures on the number of establishments and persons engaged refer to the information technology related services industry only.
- o. The average interest rates for savings deposits of less than HK\$100,000 are compiled based on the interest rates quoted by major licensed banks after the deregulation of the Interest Rate Rules. The yearly figures refer to average of the monthly figures.
- p. Best lending rate refers to the rate quoted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. The yearly figures refer to average of the monthly figures.
- . Figures as at end of the reference period.
- r. Figures refer to the last trading day closing indices as at end of December of the corresponding year.
- s. Including Growth Enterprise Market.
- t. Figure for 2014 covers all hotels and tourist guest houses with licences for operation issued by the Office of the Licensing Authority of the Home Affairs Department. Figure for 2015 includes local people guesthouses as well.
- u. Hotel room occupancy rate for 2014 is compiled based on data reported by those hotels and tourist guest houses which responded to the Hong Kong Tourism Board's monthly 'Hotel Room Occupancy Survey'. Corresponding figure for 2015 includes local people guesthouses as well.
- * Individual figures may not add up exactly to the total owing to rounding.

The Hong Kong Coalition of Service Industries was founded in 1990 by the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce. It is the Chamber's service policy think tank. With representatives from more than 50 service sectors, the HKCSI is the major private sector voice for Hong Kong's service industries.

Enquiries about the work of the HKCSI are most welcome. Please contact the secretariat at:

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Service Sector in Hong Kong



Statistical Card 2016 Edition

Sponsored by:



Q General Economic Data

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT ^a	2013	2014 ^b	2015 ^b
GDP (HK\$ billion)	2,138.0	2,258.2	2,397.1
Per capita GDP (HK\$ thousand)	297.5	311.8	328.1
Total public expenditure (HK\$ billion)	457.3	424.1	462.2
as % of GDP ^c	21.4%	18.8%	19.3%
PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION TO GDP ^d	2005	2010	2014 ^b
Primary industries ^e	0.1	0.1	0.1
Manufacturing	2.9	1.8	1.3
Utilities ^f and construction	5.8	5.2	6.0
Service industries	91.3	93.0	92.7
Total	100.0*	100.0*	100.0*
POPULATION AND EMPLOYMENT	1995	2005	2015
Population at end of year (thousands)	6 270	6 838	7 325
Total labour force (thousands)	3 001	3 534	3 910
SECTORAL EMPLOYMENT (%) ^g	1995	2005	2015
Primary industries and manufacturing	14.1	5.0	2.8 ^b
Utilities and construction	8.3	8.3	8.8 ^b
Service industries	77.6	86.7	88.4 ^b
PRICES AND INFLATION	2014	2015	2016
Year-on-year rate of change:	Average	Average	July
Composite Consumer Price Index ^h	+4.4%	+3.0%	+2.3%
composite consumer rince index	+4.4%	+3.0%	+2.5%

World Trade in Commercial Services 2015ⁱ Leading World and Asian Economies

Rank	Exporters	% Share	Rank	Importers	% Share
1	United States	14.8	1	United States	10.3
2	United Kingdom	7.3	2	Mainland China	9.6
3	Germany	5.3	3	Germany	6.4
4	France	5.1	4	France	4.9
5	Mainland China	4.9	5	United Kingdom	4.5
6	Netherlands	3.8	6	Japan	3.8
7	Japan	3.4	7	Netherlands	3.6
8	India	3.4	8	Ireland	3.3
9	Singapore	3.0	9	Singapore	3.1
10	Ireland	2.7	10	India	2.7
14	Hong Kong, China	2.2	11	Korea, Rep. of	2.5
16	Korea, Rep. of	2.1	17	Hong Kong, China	1.6
21	Thailand	1.3	25	Thailand	1.1
23	Chinese Taipei	1.2	28	Chinese Taipei	1.0
29	Malaysia	0.7	29	Malaysia	0.9

Contribution of Major Economic Activities to GDP^d and their Gross Output and Ratio of Value Added to Gross Output

		Contribution to GDP ^d (%)		Gross output (HK\$ billion)		Value added as % of gross output (%)	
		2005 2014 ^b		2005	2014 ^b	2005	2014 ^b
1.	Primary industries ^e	0.1	0.1	3.1	3.7	30.9	40.5
2.	Manufacturing	2.9	1.3	149.9	163.8	26.5	17.0
3.	Utilities ^f	3.0	1.6	55.4	63.7	73.7	55.9
4.	Construction	2.8	4.4	82.3	184.4	47.4	52.2
5.	Import/export, wholesale and retail trades	26.1	24.1	615.4	975.2	58.5	54.5
6.	Accommodation and food services	2.7	3.6	63.5	132.7	59.0	59.3
7.	Transportation, storage, postal and courier services	8.4	6.2	274.6	432.5	42.1	31.8
8.	Information and communications	3.3	3.5	103.2	174.7	44.4	44.5
9.	Financing and insurance	13.8	16.6	291.3	619.2	65.1	59.1
10.	Real estate, professional and business services	8.9	10.9	199.8	393.2	61.2	60.9
11.	Public administration, social and personal services	18.0	17.2	359.5	551.7	69.0	68.9
12.	Ownership of premises	10.1	10.5	154.6	265.5	90.0	87.4
	All economic activities	100.0*	100.0	2,352.5*	3,960.4*	58.6	55.7

Value Added and Employment in respect of the Four Key Industries

		Value added (HK\$ billion)		Contribution to GDP ^d (%)		Employment (number)	
		2005	2014 ^b	2005	2014 ^b	2005	2014
1.	Financial services	189.7	365.9	13.8	16.6	179 400	236 500
	(a) Banking	103.2	229.1	7.5	10.4	75 200	99 700
	(b) Insurance	39.9	67.0	2.9	3.0	45 100	51 400
	(c) Other financial services	46.5	69.8	3.4	3.2	59 100	85 400
2.	Tourism	44.5	112.5	3.2	5.1	165 000	271 800
	(a) Inbound tourism	32.9	93.6	2.4	4.2	136 800	240 600
	(b) Outbound tourism	11.7	18.9	0.8	0.9	28 100	31 200
3.	Trading and logistics	393.0	515.7	28.5	23.4	815 600	765 000
	(a) Trading	322.6	440.9	23.4	20.0	621 600	578 800
	(b) Logistics	70.4	74.8	5.1	3.4	194 000	186 100
4.	Professional services and other producer services	149.8	273.2	10.9	12.4	404 500	506 600
	(a) Professional services	48.1	106.7	3.5	4.8	148 600	208 900
	(b) Other producer services	101.7	166.5	7.4	7.6	255 900	297 700
Four Key Industries		777.1*	1,267.2*	56.4	57.5	1 564 400*	1 779 900
Total for the economy		1,378.0	2,204.0			3 343 000	3 749 800

Composition of Imports and Exports of Goods and Services j (at current market prices)

Exports of goods (f.o.b.) 3,816.4 3,877.5 3,7	79.3 90.0
Imports of goods (f.o.b.) 4,394.9 4,471.8 4,2	
	90.0
Services	
Exports of services (as % of total exports of goods and services) 1,058.3 (21.7%) 1,077.9 (21.8%) 1,053.5 (21	.8%)
Imports of services (as % of total imports of goods and services) 467.2 (9.6%) 481.0 (9.7%) 486.7 (10.	.2%)
Trade Balance (exports less imports)	
Goods -578.5 -594.4 -5	10.7
Services 591.1 596.9 5	66.8
Total trade balance 12.5 2.5	56.0
TRADE IN SERVICES (HK\$ billion) Exports of services Imports of ser	vices
	2015 ^b
1 Transportation services 247.7 229.4 142.6 1	35.2
2 Travel services 297.6 280.2 170.7 1 3 Merchanting and other	78.8
3 Merchanting and other trade-related services 292.6 286.3 33.7	33.8
4 Financial services 134.9 147.0 34.4	37.3
5 Insurance services 9.4 10.2 11.2	11.3
6 Other services 95.7 100.3 88.4	90.4

Q Leading Service Industries

	Number of				Business receipts	
,	establishments				index (2008=100	
SERVICE INDUSTRIES ^k	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015
Air transport services	1 514	1 501	57 734	59 378	121.9	115.7
Banking services	1 592	1 573	100 164	103 196	165.5	179.3
Financial markets and asset management services	3 569	3 634	39 359	39 850	110.3	131.3
Food and beverage services	16 516	16 597	242 944	243 162	126.5	131.4
Import/export trade	102 650	102 431	492 117	485 039	110.7	106.4
Insurance services ¹	10 488	10 846	35 712	36 093	184.2	205.6
Land transport services ¹	3 658	3 541	56 032	57 213	142.6	150.3
Motion picture, video and television programme production activities ^m	1 811	1 848	8 393	8 592	66.5	64.5
Professional, scientific and technical services	30 591	31 982	163 681	167 680	139.6	146.9
Real estate services	13 778	14 236	124 633	126 725	158.6	171.5
Retail trade ¹	65 862	65 509	270 817	269 590	180.6	174.0
Telecommunications services	310	301	18 679	18 903	154.8	185.1
Water transport services ¹	3 150	3 112	39 497	38 419	93.0	85.9
Wholesale trade	14 202	13 766	62 290	61 418	134.4	127.8
SERVICE DOMAINS						
Computer and information technology services ⁿ	8 231	8 589	47 530	48 888	143.5	137.4
Tourism, convention & exhibition	n services				224.4	213.2